Physical Education and Language Integrated Learning – P.E. in CLIL

Aprenentatge integrat d'educació física i llengua anglesa – E.F. en AICLE

TEACHING RESOURCES

LESSONS: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 AND 6.

"Using cooperative and collaborative learning to improve track and field skills"

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Name	RUN AND TOUCH			
Aims	To practise running for endurance.			
	To develop perception of distance.			
Organization	Choose four l	Choose four leaders and split the whole group into four teams.		
	Give a different-coloured ball to each team. The name of the team is the colou			
	the ball.			
Equipment	4 balls of different colour.Court or playground without obstacles.			
and facilities.				
Rules and	Chasers touch dodgers with the ball.			
safety				
Description	Players with the ball have to run and touch their teammates holding the ball. Don't			
	throw it.			
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Steps	1 Give the ball to the leaders.			
	2 Leaders memorize the members of their team.			
	3 They run and try to touch any member of their team.			
	4 When any player is touched they take the ball and try to touch anyone else			
			······································	
	except the pre-	evious player they touched.		
	except the pro-			
Inclusion and	except the pre		Harder	
Inclusion and differentiation		evious player they touched.	Harder	
differentiation	Space	Easier Smaller field		
differentiation strategies.		evious player they touched. <i>Easier</i>	Harder Bigger field	
differentiation strategies. Based on STEP framework (Doherty &	Space Task	Easier Smaller field	Harder Bigger field Everybody in pairs, shaking	
differentiation strategies. Based on STEP	Space	Easier Smaller field Chaser alone, dodgers in pairs	Harder Bigger field Everybody in pairs, shaking hands	
differentiation strategies. Based on STEP framework (Doherty &	Space Task	Easier Smaller field Chaser alone, dodgers in pairs A smaller ball that can be	Harder Bigger field Everybody in pairs, shaking hands A bigger ball that it takes	
differentiation strategies. Based on STEP framework (Doherty &	Space Task Equipment	Easier Smaller field Chaser alone, dodgers in pairs A smaller ball that can be grasped with one hand.	Harder Bigger field Everybody in pairs, shaking hands A bigger ball that it takes	
differentiation strategies. Based on STEP framework (Doherty &	Space Task	Easier Easier Smaller field Chaser alone, dodgers in pairs A smaller ball that can be grasped with one hand. Wheelchair users: play with a	Harder Bigger field Everybody in pairs, shaking hands A bigger ball that it takes two hands to carry on.	
differentiation strategies. Based on STEP framework (Doherty &	Space Task Equipment	Easier Easier Smaller field Chaser alone, dodgers in pairs A smaller ball that can be grasped with one hand. Wheelchair users: play with a peer helper and throwing the	Harder Bigger field Everybody in pairs, shaking hands A bigger ball that it takes two hands to carry on. Similar speed and	
differentiation strategies. Based on STEP framework (Doherty &	Space Task Equipment People	Easier Smaller field Chaser alone, dodgers in pairs A smaller ball that can be grasped with one hand. Wheelchair users: play with a peer helper and throwing the ball is allowed.	Harder Bigger field Everybody in pairs, shaking hands A bigger ball that it takes two hands to carry on. Similar speed and endurance.	

Name	EQUIPMENT	RELAY		
Aims	To practise running for speed. To improve body control. To develop cooperation.			
Organization	Split the whole group into 4 teams of 5/6 players.			
0	Ask the players	Ask the players of each team to organize themselves in a row.		
			r it (starting cone) and the other	
	(returning cone) ten or more meters farther wa	у.	
	Ask players the	e names of different equipment	they will need (Use TPR to identify it)	
		t to the starting cone.		
Equipment	Court or playground without obstacles. 8 Chinese cones as a point of reference			
and facilities.	4 regular cones	, 4 balls, 4 batons, 4 hoops, 4 lo	ow size hurdles and 4 medium size	
	hurdles.			
Rules and	Respect the sta	rting cone.		
safety	If any players 1	ose the equipment, they can't ru	un. They need to pick it up to continue.	
·			rt running but nobody can help any	
	running player.	•		
	• • •		oints, third 2 points and fourth 1 point.	
			ds an extra point for their team.	
		nds and let them change their po	-	
Description	-	each team carry all the equipme		
Steps	- · ·	row chooses one piece of equi		
Bicps		say "go", they start running to t	-	
	•		-	
	-	3 When they reach the cone, they go around it and say the name of the equipment		
	they are carrying, then go back and give the equipment to the next player.			
	4 Waiting player in the row takes the relay equipment and picks up a second piece			
	of equipment and carries it, repeats the same action (run and say) but now with two			
	objects. 5 The game finishes when all the equipment has been carried and all the players have run round the cone.			
			1 641 1	
	6 Leaders of	the opposite teams ask for the v	vords of the equipment used.	
Figure			1	
		Equipment	Returning cone	
		\swarrow		
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	0			
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	Deleverlever			
	Relay players Starting cone			
Inclusion and		Easier	Harder	
differentiation	Space	Shorter distance	Longer distance	
strategies.	Space Task			
0	Task	In pairs	Add obstacles.	
Based on STEP framework (Doherty &	Equipment	Smaller-sized equipment	Bigger sized-equipment	
Brenan 2008:167)	People	Peer tutoring	Piggy-back ride (carried person	
	··· · · ·	0	sitting on the carrier's back)	

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Name	COLORS RE	ACTION GAME	
Aims	To practise running for speed. To improve body control. To develop sound reaction.		
Organization	Split the whole Ask the player "relay")	e group into two teams. s of each team to organize themse court lines, place three cones, one	lves in pairs (the "baton" and the
Equipment and facilities.		round without obstacles.	-
Rules and safety	If the chasers t	don't grab. Ils, take away one point.	h the end line, they score one point
Description		a "life colour". When the "life co lour" is not called, they must dodg	lour" is called, that team chases, if a ge.
Steps	2 In both tear meter apart.3 The relay p4 If the "life of as quickly as p	layers in both teams stand three m colour" is called, the "baton" play	in the midcourt, back to back and 1 neters apart from their teammates. er in the "life colour" team stands up ayer. They must cross the end line
Figure	End line	R = B = A $R = B = A$ $R = B$	$R \longrightarrow R$ $R \longrightarrow $
Inclusion and			
Inclusion and differentiatio	Space	Easier Shorter distance	Harder Longer distance
n strategies.	Task	Standing	Lying down
_	Equipment	Bigger baton	Add obstacles
Based on STEP framework (Doherty & Brenan 2008:167)	People	Wheelchair users: baton that could be placed on the knees. Blind: Peer guide	Similar high speed

Name	HEAVY OR	LIGHT?	
Aims	Think about how the properties of different throwing implements affect their flight.		
Organization	Set up five different throwing stations in the court. If there are no court lines, place cones as line of reference. Place different targets (hoops, tyres, buckets, etc) 5 meters from the line or cone. In each station place a different kind of implement.		
Equipment and facilities.	Court or playground without obstacles. 1 deflated ball, 1 heavy ball, 1 foam ball, 1 foam javelin, 1 shuttlecock and different targets (hoops, tyres, buckets, etc).		
Rules and safety	Nobody can stand in front of the thrower.The thrower has to recover the implement and place it back on the line.Throwers can choose any station they like but they can't repeat the implement untilthey have thrown each all of them.Throwers can use any type of forward throwing.		
Description	The students throw these different objects in order to compare them and think about their properties for flying.		
Steps	 Prepare the stations. Prepare the stations. Explain the different zones of the drill. Explain the rules. Explain the group self-assessment procedures. Let them try all the objects during five minutes. 		
Figure		Throwers waitin Throwing are Direction of the throw Target are	ea Safety line
Inclusion and	Easier Harder		
differentiation	Space	Shorter distance	Longer distance.
strategies.	Task	Underarm throw	Overarm throw
Based on STEP	Equipment	Soft flying equipment	Fast flying equipment.
framework (Doherty & Brenan 2008:167)	People	Blind: Peer guide clapping for direction and giving instructions for the distance.	On their knees. Sitting.

Name	5 BASIC JUMPS (adapted hopscotch)		
Aims	To practise the five basic jumps.		
Organization	Split the whole group into 4 teams of 5/6 players.		
0-8	-	s of each team to organize themse	
Equipment and facilities.	1.0	round without obstacles. 8 Chines s, 4 balls, 4 batons, 4 hoops, 4 low	1
and facinities.	hurdles.	s, 4 bans, 4 batons, 4 noops, 4 low	size nurdies and 4 medium size
Rules and safety	Respect taking	turns.	
Description	The players pra	actise the five basic jumps in the a	dapted hopscotch.
Steps	 1 The leader in each row draws the adapted hopscotch on the floor with chalk. 2 They play the game for 5 minutes. 3 The group self-assess. 		
Figure			
		le right foot	Feet apart L R L T R Feet together
Inclusion and		Easier	Harder
differentiation	Space	Shorter distance	Longer distance
strategies.	Task		Add obstacles.
Based on STEP framework (Doherty &	Equipment		
Brenan 2008:167)	People	Wheelchair users: Place cones at different distances. Combine short and long arm movements on the wheel. Short action is equivalent to a single foot jump, long action to a double foot action.	Group jumping. All the players jump at the same time following the row order.