## LESSON 1. THE CARTESIAN COORDINATE SYSTEM

## Approximate timing: 4 hours

Important: Each student has to do and answer all the exercises, although the process to solve them is done in pairs or groups.

| ACTIVITY | INTERACTION | STUDENTS TASKS: | REMARKS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| T,1, T.2, T.3 | Pairs/plenary | Read aloud the activities, work out the <br> results in pairs, and report to the plenary | This activities are designed to fully understand and assimilate <br> the theory |
| 1 | Pairs | Work in pairs: one gives instructions, the <br> other student draws the point. Then they <br> swap their roles | The teacher can choose at random, one student to give <br> instructions to the full class to plot the points. |
| 4 | Pairs/Plenary | Game | "Much care is needed". The teacher can talk and ask questions <br> about the importance of doing the activities and drawing the <br> axes in a neat and ordered way. |
| 5 | Individually | Group | One member of the group gets the <br> information about junk messages, and in <br> pairs, they do the activity. |
| 7 | In turns, one of the students of the <br> coordinate-card group asks questions to the <br> members of the graph-card group who must <br> answer the question. | Alternative: the members of the graph-card group remain <br> seated, while the members of the coordinate-card group, go <br> around asking questions in order to find their matching cards. <br> Later they swap the roles. |  |
| 8 | Individually/Pairs | Reading the text: first individually, later <br> aloud and in turns. <br> Questions: in pairs. |  |
| 10 |  |  |  |


| 11 | Individually/pairs | Reading the text: first individually, later <br> aloud in turns. Activity in pairs. | Learners should look for information in the internet resource <br> provided, in order to answer some of the questions. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 12 | Individually/pairs <br> /groups of <br> 3/plenary | Head and tails: pairs <br> Drawing: individually <br> Power point: groups of 3 | The power-point presentation should include: main points of <br> the lessons (key sentences), examples and their solutions. <br> Creativity is allowed (songs, games...). <br> The time of the presentations must be divided in three parts: <br> each student has to talk at least once, and for about 2 or 3 <br> minutes. <br> The minimum length of the presentation should be 10 minutes. <br> It would be motivating to teach the students to prepare a <br> power-point contest. They can decide the rating, and the rules <br> for the contest. |

## LESSON 2. GRAPHS AND FUNCTIONS.

Approximate timing: 5 hours

| ACTIVIY | INTERACTION | STUDENTS TASKS: | REMARKS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| T,1, T.2, <br> T.3,T.4,T.5 | Pairs/plenary | Read aloud the activities, work out the <br> results in pairs, and report to the plenary | This activities are designed to fully understand and assimilate <br> the theory |
| 11 | Pairs/plenary | Writing | Once they have prepared the writing, instead of reading the text, <br> the students can tell the story to the group. |
| 17 | Pairs/plenary/gro <br> ups of 3/plenary | Power point presentation; power point <br> contest. | The power-point presentation must include: main points of the <br> lessons (key sentences), word problems or examples and their <br> solutions. Creativity is allowed (songs, games...). <br> The time of the presentations must be divided in three parts: <br> each student has to talk at leastst once, and for about 2 or 3 <br> minutes. <br> The minimum length of the presentation should be 10 minutes. <br> It would be motivating to teach the students to prepare a power- <br> point contest. They can decide the rating, and the rules for the <br> contest. |

## INSTRUCTIONS TO SOLVE WORD-PROBLEMS

1. Read the problem on your own.
2. The problem will be read aloud in turns in the class.
3. Read the problem on your own again, and as many times as you need to fully understand it.
4. Highlight the main points (the main data)
5. Summarize the problem:

- The data you have (with the appropriate units): write them on the left of your notebook.
- In the middle of the problem, inside a square, write what you are looking for (what you are asked to calculate)

6. Talk to your partner, and explain each other what you have to find, and the way to find it. You have to come to an agreement (you can solve the problem in different ways too).
7. Start to solve the problem. Do this task individually, but when you finish comment the results with your partner.
8. Prepare a summary of the process you have followed to solve the problem for the plenary, and give the solutions (don't forget the units).

## LESSON 3. LINEAR FUNCTIONS. DIRECT VARIATION FUNCTIONS. CONSTANT FUNCTIONS.

Approximate timing: 6 hours

| ACTIVIY | INTERACTION | STUDENTS TASKS: | REMARKS |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| T,1, T.2, <br> T.3. | Pairs/plenary | Read aloud the activities, work out the <br> results in pairs, and report to the plenary | This activities are designed to fully understand and assimilate <br> the theory |
| 3 | Pairs |  | Draw linear functions: with the same gradient, y- intercept and <br> x-intercept in order to classify them. |
| 23 | Pairs/groups of <br> $3 /$ plenary | Power point presentation; power point <br> contest. | The power-point presentation must include: main points of the <br> lessons (key sentences), word problems or examples and their <br> solutions. Creativity is allowed (songs, games...). <br> The time of the presentations must be divided in three parts: <br> each student has to talk at least once, and for about 2 or 3 <br> minutes. <br> The minimum length of the presentation should be 10 minutes. <br> It would be motivating to teach the students to prepare a power- <br> point contest. They can decide the rating, and the rules for the <br> contest. |

## RESOURCES

Algebra: Concepts and Applications. Glencoe. Mc Graw Hill.
http://mathforum.org
http://www.mathgoodies.com
http://www.intmath.com
http://www.laredo.edu
http://math.rice.edu/
http://score.kings.k12.ca.us/lessons/functions.html
http://www.shodor.org/interactivate/activities/
http://ltcconline.net/greenl/courses/CAHSEE/FunctionsAlgebra/graphReading.htm
http://www.analyzemath.com/Graphing/GraphingLinearFunction.html
http://www.bymath.com/studyguide/fun/sec/fun9.htm
http://www.purplemath.com/modules/strtlneq.htm
http://aspire.cs.uah.edu/textbook/line.html
http://www.keypress.com/x2481.xml
http://cstl.syr.edu/fipse/GraphB/Unit6/Unit6.html
http://cstl.syr.edu/fipse/grapha/TOCbook.html
http://www.mathsisfun.com
http://www.math.com/school/subject2/practice/S2U4L3/S2U4L3Pract.html
http://library.thinkquest.org/2647/algebra/funcbasc.htm
http://www.studyzone.org/mtestprep/math8/d/varandexpl.cfm
http://rechneronline.de/function-graphs/
http://www.coolmath.com/Survivor-Algebra/02-how-survivor-algebra-works.html
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IES Andreu Nin. El Vendrell

