

Exercici 1:

$$a) \quad f'(x) = 3x^2 \cdot e^x + (1 + x^3) \cdot e^x = (1 + 3x^2 + x^3) \cdot e^x$$

$$b) \quad f'(x) = \frac{\cos x \cdot (1 + e^x) - \sin x \cdot e^x}{(1 + e^x)^2}$$

$$c) \quad f'(x) = \frac{3x^2 \cdot (x^2 + 1)^2 - (x^3 - 1) \cdot 2(x^2 + 1) \cdot 2x}{(x^2 + 1)^4} = \frac{-x^4 + 3x^2 + 4x}{(x^2 + 1)^3}$$

$$d) \quad f'(x) = -\sin(x - \ln x) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$e) \quad f'(x) = 121 \cdot (x^3 + 2x^2 + x - 7)^{120} \cdot (3x^2 + 4x + 1)$$

$$f) \quad f'(x) = e^{\arctan(1+x^2)} \cdot \frac{1}{1 + (1+x^2)^2} \cdot 2x$$

$$g) \quad f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x}} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}\right)$$

Exercici 2:

Les derivades successives de la funció $f(x) = \ln(1+x)$ són:

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{1+x}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{-1}{(1+x)^2}$$

$$f'''(x) = \frac{2}{(1+x)^3}$$

$$f^{iv}(x) = \frac{-6}{(1+x)^4}$$

$$f^v(x) = \frac{24}{(1+x)^5}$$

$$f^{vi}(x) = \frac{-120}{(1+x)^6}$$

...

$$f^{(n)}(x) = \frac{(-1)^{n+1} \cdot (n-1)!}{(1+x)^n}$$